Max Metzger was born in Germany in 1922, and his family emigrated to the United States in 1931. His mother was Mady Metzger-Zeigler, an internationally renowned mezzo-soprano who founded the St. Paul Opera Workshop. Max was involved in the Workshop for several decades, before taking it over upon his mother's death in 1979.

Yet while Max clearly loved music and had a high aptitude for producing and performing, he had not inherited his mother's beautiful voice. In fact, his mother made Max promise never to sing or she would disown him.

So Max found other outlets for his musicality. He started to play the bassoon at a young age. He played with the St. Paul Civic Opera Workshop, directed the Civic Opera orchestra, and played with a symphony orchestra in Duluth.

Max Metzger personified the thriving arts culture in St. Paul for decades, touching innumerable lives. In fact, in appreciation of his amazing deeds and accomplishments, the City of St. Paul dedicated a street in his name in beautiful Como Park. The Nobel Prize winning poet T.S. Eliot once said that "you are the music while the music lasts."

Mr President the music will last in the hearts and minds of countless Minnesotans, thanks to Mr. Max Metzger.

FREDERICK P. GRIFFITH, JR. WATER TREATMENT FACILITY

• Mr. WARNER, Mr. President, today I rise to congratulate the dedicated leadership and employees of Fairfax Water. Their vision and hard work has paved the way for the opening of the Frederick P. Griffith, Jr. Water Treatment Facility on July 15, 2006. The Griffith plant is truly state of the art and we are proud that the Commonwealth has such an entity leading the way and setting such high standards for the rest of the country. Leaders at Fairfax Water truly recognize the importance of protecting our natural resources and preserving the facets of the surrounding

I think it is most important to recognize that this new facility embodies our Nation's commitment to homeland security. The Griffith plant is equipped with numerous security measures which go a long way to ensure that Fairfax Water's nearly 1.5 million customers are well protected from potential threats be they natural or manmade. This is comforting to know especially when one considers the large number of critical government facilities which are served by Fairfax Water. These facilities include Fort Belvoir U.S. Army Reservation, Fort Belvoir Proving Grounds, facilities of the Central Intelligence Agency, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Laboratories, U.S. Navy Family Housing, U.S. Coast Guard Information Systems Center, facilities of the General Services Administration, facilities of the U.S. Department of State; and office space and

warehouses for the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. As the senior Senator from the Commonwealth of Virginia, I am proud that these important installations are in my State. They provide many crucial services to all Americans, and have responsibilities beyond the Commonwealth. I am proud that Fairfax Water serves its local and national constituencies so

Mr President I am sure that my colleagues will join me in offering congratulations and continued success to my friends at Fairfax Water.

RECOGNIZING ROOSEVELT ELE-MENTARY SCHOOL, MANKATO, MINNESOTA

• Mr. DAYTON. Mr. President, today I honor Roosevelt Elementary School, in Mankato, MN, which recently earned an Award for Excellence in Education for its exceptional and innovative achievements in educating children.

Roosevelt Elementary School is truly a model of educational success, in keeping with its mission: "To Educate the Whole Child . . . For Life.'

In 2005, the Minnesota Department of Education recognized Roosevelt Elementary as a five-star school in both reading and math, an achievement reached by less than 7 percent of all Minnesota schools. Another source of school pride is the significant progress made in these subjects over the past 7 years.

In 1998, the math and reading scores of Roosevelt's third graders were well below the threshold necessary for the "adequate yearly progress" under the existing State standards. The average math score in 1998 was 1401, and the average reading score was 1361: an average of 1420 was necessary for the State's "adequate yearly progress" designation. Thanks to a concerted "team effort," to improve achievement, test scores have risen dramatically. In 2005, the average reading score was 1594, an increase of 193 points over the 1998 average; the average math score was 1650, an increase of 289 points.

The Roosevelt fifth graders showed similar gains. Their lowest average scores of 1408 in reading and 1395 in math occurred in 1999. In 2005, the average reading score was 1719, an increase of 311 points; the average math score increased to 1641, an increase of 246

Roosevelt attributes its success to the strong team effort, involving teachers, administrators, and parents working closely together to set goals and objectives for the children.

Another component of the success of all of Mankato's schools is the tremendous support from the community. Last fall, Mankato-area voters approved two referenda: to provide \$6 million to update many existing buildings throughout the district and to provide \$3.5 million over 7 years to update the schools' technology. In 2002, voters ap-

proved a \$2.5 million per year operating referendum.

Much of the credit for Roosevelt Elementary School's success belongs to its principal, Rick Lund, and the dedicated teachers. The students and staff at Roosevelt Elementary School understand that, in order to be successful, a school must go beyond achieving academic success; it must also provide a nurturing environment where students can develop the knowledge, skills, and attitudes for success throughout life. All of the faculty, staff, and students at Roosevelt Elementary School should be very proud of their accomplishments.

I congratulate Roosevelt Elementary School in Mankato for winning the Award for Excellence in Education and for its exceptional contributions to education in Minnesota.

RECOGNIZING KENNEDY ELEMEN-TARY SCHOOL, MANKATO, MIN-NESOTA

• Mr. DAYTON. Mr. President, today I honor Kennedy Elementary School, in Mankato, MN, which recently earned an Award for Excellence in Education for its exceptional and innovative achievements in educating children.

Kennedy Elementary School is truly a model of educational success. It achieves the goal embodied in its mission statement: "Learning and Suc-Together for Tomorrow's ceeding World.'

Kennedy Elementary is implementing Reading First, a 3-year program which provides intensive professional development for all teachers, kindergarten through third grade. One teacher from both the fourth and fifth grades also takes part, to ensure continuity of reading instruction beyond the third grade.

Since 2002, Kennedy teachers have, on their own time, attended study groups that meet for 2 hours each week. They follow a protocol to explore scientifically based reading research, which they apply in their teaching. The teachers regularly review test data to tailor their reading instruction to each child. Teams of teachers, including the classroom teachers, the title I reading teacher, and the English language learner teachers, collaborate to create successful intervention plans for any pupil performing below grade-level benchmarks in reading. During the study groups, teachers also review and critique video clips of each other's teaching. Through this process of reflection, teachers evaluate themselves to improve their instructional techniques and teaching practices.

The North Central Association for Accreditation and School Improvement recently conducted a peer review of Kennedy Elementary School's reading instruction. The school earned a per-

fect score.

The study and research of the Kennedy Elementary Leadership Team identified early educational intervenand programs to increase